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ERRATUM

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Predation and the formation of multicellular groups in algae

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STATEMENT

An incorrect version of Table 1 in the paper by Kapsetaki, Fisher and West was inadvertently reproduced on page 655 of the September 2016 issue of *Evolutionary Ecology Research*. The correct version is reproduced overleaf.

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Table 1. Concentrations, total volume per tube or well, and number of independent replicates used in the experiments

	Experiment	Final concentration of algae (cells/mL)	Final concentration of putative predators (cells/mL, individuals/mL or predator products from x individuals/mL)	Total volume (mL) per tube, well or flask	Number of independent replicates
<i>C. sorokiniana</i> with <i>Ochromonas</i> spp.	1	2×10^6	1×10^5	20	30*
	2	1×10^6	2×10^4	5	9
	3	3×10^6	4×10^5	5	9
	4	3×10^6	3×10^4	1	42
<i>C. vulgaris</i> with <i>Ochromonas</i> spp.	1	1×10^5	6×10^5	20	9
	2	1×10^6	2×10^4	5	9
	3	2×10^5	3×10^5	5	9
	4	3×10^6	5×10^4	1	42
<i>S. obliquus</i> with <i>Ochromonas</i> spp.	1, 3	2×10^5	3×10^5	5	9
	2	1×10^6	2×10^4	5	9
	4	1×10^6	2×10^4	1	42
<i>C. sorokiniana</i> with <i>T. thermophila</i>	1	3×10^6	1×10^4	20	30*
	2	1×10^6	3×10^6	5	9
	3	3×10^5	4×10^5	5	9
	4	2×10^6	1×10^5	1	42
<i>C. vulgaris</i> with <i>T. thermophila</i>	1	2×10^6	2×10^4	20	30**
	2	1×10^6	3×10^6	5	9
	3	2×10^5	4×10^5	5	9
	4	4×10^6	9×10^4	1	42
<i>S. obliquus</i> with <i>T. thermophila</i>	1	2×10^5	4×10^5	5	9
	2	1×10^6	3×10^6	5	9
	3	1×10^5	4×10^5	5	9
	4	5×10^6	1×10^5	1	42
<i>C. sorokiniana</i> with <i>D. magna</i>	1, 3	9×10^6	1	5	9
	2a	1×10^6	3	5	9
	2b	2×10^4	0.2 [#]	50	9
	4	9×10^6	1	1	3
<i>C. vulgaris</i> with <i>D. magna</i>	1, 3	5×10^6	1	5	9
	2a	1×10^6	3	5	9
	2b	2×10^4	0.2 [#]	50	9
	4	5×10^6	1	1	3
<i>S. obliquus</i> with <i>D. magna</i>	1, 3	2×10^6	1	5	9
	2a	3×10^3	3	5	9
	2b	8×10^3	0.2 [#]	50	9
	4	5×10^6	1	1	3

Notes: Experiment 1: testing for group formation and size change upon exposure to predators. Experiment 2: testing for group formation upon exposure to predator products. Experiment 3: testing for predation by measuring algal density. Experiment 4: testing for predation by observing ingestion. In Experiment 3, for the combinations of *S. obliquus* with *Ochromonas* spp. and *S. obliquus* with *T. thermophila*, we placed 4.04 mL of algae in the tubes with an additional 0.96 mL of PPY in the control set and 0.96 mL of the putative predator in the treatment set. Also in the same experiment, for the combinations with *Daphnia* (G–I), we placed 5 mL of algae in all tubes with an additional five *Daphnia* in each tube of the treatment set.

* $n_{1h} = 3$, $n_{24h} = 9$, $n_{48h} = 9$, $n_{72h} = 9$; ** $n_{1h} = 6$, $n_{24h} = 9$, $n_{48h} = 9$, $n_{72h} = 6$; [#]40 adult *Daphnia* in 200 mL of filtered *Daphnia* water.